IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of generating a hash signal representative of a multimedia signal, the method comprising:

receiving a bit-stream comprising a compressed multimedia signal to be divided into a plurality of time frames;

selectively reading from the bit-stream predetermined parameters in [[a]] <u>the plurality</u> of time frames, wherein said predetermined parameters relate to perceptual information of the multimedia signal;

calculating a separate hash word from said parameters for each time frame to provide a set of hash words over a period of time encompassed by the plurality of time frames; and deriving a hash function by a concatenation of the set of hash words.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the multimedia signal comprises at least one of an audio signal, a video signal and an image signal.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the multimedia signal has been compressed using at least one of transform encoding, subband encoding and parametric encoding.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said predetermined parameters relate to at least one of the energies of frequency bands; the amplitudes of frequency bands; the tonality of frequency bands; the luminance of an area of a video signal; and the chrominance of an area of a video signal.

AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116 - EXPEDITED PROCEDURE

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6. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the method further comprises analyzing the received bit-stream in order to determine the decoding scheme used to compress the multimedia signal.

- 7. The method as claimed in claim 6, wherein said analyzing (Previously Presented) comprises comparing the properties of the bit-stream with a database containing properties of a number of coding schemes.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said selectively reading predetermined parameters comprises:

locating said predetermined parameters within the bit-stream by using a syntax description;

reading the located predetermined parameters; and decoding the predetermined parameter using a decoder description.

- 9. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said predetermined parameters relate to a first set of frequency bands, and wherein the deriving the hash function comprises deriving estimates of values of spectral information present in a second set of frequency bands from the predetermined parameters, the hash function subsequently being calculated from the estimated values.
- 10. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said multimedia (Previously Presented) signal is compressed using a parametric encoding scheme, and wherein the predetermined parameters relate to at least one of the sinusoidal components, the noise components and the transient components utilized within the parametric scheme.

Title: METHOD FOR GENERATING HASHES FROM A COMPRESSED MULTIMEDIA CONTENT

11. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium including a computer program arranged to, when executed by a computer, generate a hash signal representative of a multimedia signal by:

receiving a bit-stream comprising a compressed multimedia signal to be divided into a plurality of time frames;

selectively reading from the bit-stream predetermined parameters in [[a]] the plurality of time frames, wherein said predetermined parameters relate to perceptual information of the multimedia signal;

calculating a separate hash word from said parameters for each time frame to provide a set of hash words over a period of time encompassed by the plurality of time frames; and deriving a hash function by a concatenation of the set of hash words.

- 12. (Cancelled)
- 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Cancelled)
- 15. An apparatus arranged to generate a hash signal representative (Currently Amended) of a multimedia signal, the apparatus comprising:
- a receiver arranged to receive a bit-stream comprising a compressed multimedia signal to be divided into a plurality of time frames;
- a decoder arranged to selectively read from the bit-stream predetermined parameters in [[a]] the plurality of time frames, wherein said predetermined parameters relate to perceptual information of the multimedia signal; and
- a processing unit arranged to calculate a separate hash word from said parameters for each time frame to provide a set of hash words over a period of time encompassed by the plurality of time frames and derive a hash function by a concatenation of the set of hash words.